# Worksheet: Algebraic Expressions, Formulae, Substitution, Linear Equations, Inequalities, Direct Variation, Completing the Squares, Simultaneous Quadratic Equations. 

1. (a) Solve $5-\mathrm{v} \leq 2 \mathrm{v}-1$.
(b) Hence write down the three integers which satisfy the above inequality.
2. (a) Simplify $-3 a^{3} b^{2} \times 2 a b^{4}$.
(b) Expand and simplify $(5 x+2)(x-3)$.
3. (a) Evaluate the following expression if $\mathrm{m}=4$ and $\mathrm{n}=-5$ :

$$
\frac{2 m-n}{3 m^{2}}
$$

(b) Express the statement as an algebraic expression;
"Six times the sum of the squares of two numbers p and q ."
4. (a) Given the formula:

$$
W=3 \pi \sqrt{\frac{2 a}{b}}
$$

Find the value of W , correct to 2 decimal places, when $\pi=3.14, \mathrm{a}=11.3$ and $\mathrm{b}=2.56$.
(b) Solve:

$$
\frac{2 x}{3}+\frac{x-3}{4}=5
$$

5. If y varies directly with x as shown in the table below, find the values of ' a ' and ' b .' :

| $x$ | 2 | $a$ | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $y$ | -6 | 4.5 | $b$ |

6. Solve the simultaneous quadratic equations for x and y :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x+y=3 \\
& 3 x^{2}+y^{2}=13 .
\end{aligned}
$$

7. (a) Express $2 x^{2}+8 x-5$ in the form $a(x+h)^{2}+k$, where $a, h$ and $k$ are constants.
(b) Hence, or otherwise, state the minimum value of $2 x^{2}+8 x-5$.
